3.2 Hinduism and Buddhism

* The messages and influences of Hinduism and Buddhism profoundly shaped the Indian subcontinent and began thousands of years ago.
	+ The Beliefs of Hinduism Develop
		- No single founder or single religious \_\_\_\_\_\_ .
		- Grew out of combining other beliefs from groups who settled in India
			* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_adding gods of Indus civilization to their own
			* Others brought other gods
			* Result - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is one of the world's most complex religions with countless gods and goddesses and many forms of worship
		- One Force Underlies Everything
			* "God is one, but wise people know it by many names." Hindu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
			* Belief - everything is part of the unchanging, all-powerful \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_force called brahman
				+ A variety of gods can take form of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
			* Most important Hindu gods
				+ Brahma - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
				+ Vishnu - Preserver
				+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_- Destroyer
				+ Shakti (goddess) - kind and cruel, creator and destroyer
				+ Gods can take forms of human or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to represent forms of Brahman
			* Sacred Texts and Hindu Beliefs
				+ Hindu teachings were recorded in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
				+ Upanishads - section that addresses questions related to Hinduism

Use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_images to teach complex ideas about human soul and connectedness of all life

* + - * Achieving \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is the Goal of Life
				+ Every person has an essential self - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

May be Brahman or a form of Brahman

* + - * + The ultimate goal is to achieve moksha - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with Brahman

To do so - must free themselves of selfish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that separate them from Brahman

Most people cannot achieve in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_lifetime

* + - * + Hindus believe in reincarnation - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of the soul in another form

Allows one to continue to move toward moksha in several lifetimes

Each existence allows people to come closer to obeying the law of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* + - * + Karma - all the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of a person's life affect his or her fate in the next life

All existence is ranked

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_are closest to Brahman

Animals

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Objects (rocks or water)

Those who live \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_have good karma and are reborn at a higher level.

Those who do bad are reborn at lower level in suffering

Symbolized in a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* + - * + To escape this fate, Hinduism stresses dharma - religious and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_duties of an individual

Vary according to class, occupation, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and age

* + - * + Ahimsa - non violence

All people and things are aspects of Brahman and deserve \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* + - * Jainism
				+ Developed from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
				+ Mahavira founded the religion around \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_BC and is still practiced today
				+ Rejected that only priests could perform sacred \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
				+ Emphasize meditation, self-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and an extreme form of ahimsa

Jains carry \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to sweep the ground in front of them so they don't step on a bug

* + - The Caste System Shapes India
			* Aryans divided the society into social groups based somewhat on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_differences.
			* But during the Vedic Age, class reflected \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and economic roles.
			* A complex caste system was formed.
				+ Social groups you are \_\_ in, you will stay in.
			* Complex Rules Uphold the Caste System
				+ Closely linked to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_beliefs

Different castes=different \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of beings

A Brahmin was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and closer to moksha than a lower caste

To keep spiritual purity, a complex set of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_were created

Where you live

What you ate

How you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

How you worked

You cannot \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_outside your caste

You cannot \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with members of another caste

High caste people had strict rules to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_them from being spiritually impure

Lower Castes

Jobs like cleaning streets, tanning leather, digging \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Considered so impure...they were the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Today called dalits

Others feared contact with them could bring \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Lived apart from others and had to use a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_instrument to announce they were coming so others could move out of the way - a clapper

* + - * Caste Affects the Social Order
				+ Ensured social order

The law of Karma determined their caste

They cannot \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_their status in this life, but can reach higher level by faithfully fulfilling duties of their caste

Gave a sense of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

They knew their job

Had their own leaders

Cooperated with one another

As others moved into the area, new castes and subcastes were developed.

People were allowed to live together in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_because they knew what was expected.

3.2 Assessment Questions- **complete on this page**

Complete chart in order for you to illustrate and remember the vocabulary words that apply to Hinduism. (words below). This can include pictures and a summary of the words.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Atman | Moksha |
| Reincarnation | Karma |
| Dharma | Ahimsa |
| Caste | Nirvana |